## Journal Zone Publishing, Ilford, United Kingdom

## THE ETHNOGRAPHIC ESSENCE OF NATIONAL TRADITIONS IS AN EXAMPLE OF THE CUSTOMS OF THE KAZAKH PEOPLE

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## Abstract

National traditions and values are one of the greatest cultural heritages of every nation. Therefore, we should treat these values with great respect and attention. In this article, the ethnographic essence of national traditions (as an example of the customs of the Kazakh people) is described in detail.

**Keywords:** traditions, ethnographic essence, traditions of the Kazakh people, national wealth, cultural heritage, etc.

The main criteria that form national values are the nation's history, customs, traditions, life values, as well as its spiritual heritage, cultural assets, and old historical monuments. "Tradition is a procedure accepted by the whole nation as traditions; "images, principles" cover all spheres of society's life and find their expression in them. Traditions are human life, life, work and exemplary life lessons from ancient times. They are a product of social activities that are inherited from generation to generation, from the past to the future. Rituals are a practical manifestation of traditions and customs. Traditions and customs are national, cultural, household, socio-political and religious and are an integral part of national values. Because any customs, traditions, customs, ceremonies and traditions are formed on the basis of national values and as the fruit of national conscience, national spirit, national character, national morals form the basis of the education of the intelligent people who created it. As a spiritual factor of managing the society, it forms in the hearts of young people feelings such as being loving, loving family and Motherland, enjoying the heritage of ancestors and appreciating life. National values are the golden heritage of every nation.

Traditions are historically protected from generation to generation and by the power of public opinion, the stable and generalized norms and the most important norms of people's relations with the public and the most important norms and universal norms and public opinion. Traditions are also ancient, humanity itself. They are historical in nature, because they were formed in the labor and social activity of people, and were on an individual and objective basis, and not at the request of individuals and groups. Traditions are a natural phenomenon of well-developed development and played a major role in the formation of the best characteristics in the fight against the forces of nature. In ancient times, the violation of traditions was considered unacceptable and caused inevitable punishment. Customs are generally accepted as rules and norms that regulate the behavior of people in a certain area of public life. One of the great traditions of the past that has reached this day belongs to universal norms and is a positive feature

of culture. Teams. So, the arrival of guests is preparing a national dish from "Baran - Besmarmak", whose head looks at the useless guest. In many countries, including Kazakhstan, it is customary to respect an elder. This good tradition of the people is transmitted to other beautiful habits and virtues. Thus, it is common for children to respect elders and respect and respect, and also to speak openly to listen to their wisdom, and also to speak in a hurry to listen to their words, and also to listen to their wisdom.

It did not leave the lands of Kazakhstan, and such ancient Muslim traditions, which were practiced in Orgaz and Ait during a certain period of the past year, are not observed to obey the believers of Muslims. Oraza - when this holiday appears in the mold, a sheet that informs you about what number you need to keep in the place where alcohol is prohibited, which number of the game is prohibited in the game. Gambling, overeating. If you are fasting, eat in the morning or in the evening. Ait - with its appearance, it is necessary to call guests and prepare a festive dish - a thin pellet. Tusau Kesu is a tradition that has recently identified a boy as a child, he walks around the assembled guests with a hydretka, taking his leg with a rope. After some time, the child himself turns to his feet and takes the first steps. All the action comes with the celebration. And finally Naurz - New Year. This marks the beginning of the Nomad and ALL's transition to a new fertile place where he lived next year. Like other nations, like these days, the tradition of wishes and grass should be removed and a large table should be covered with various dishes. Thus, people who observe the traditions of the Kazakh people to this day can proudly and respectfully say that their ancestors are passing away. Syynshy - good news. When they say "Syynshi", everyone immediately knows that a person has come with good news. The person who brought the news should be given a gift. Korimdi from the word "Sayomda" - watch, see. A gift that you see for the first time (a young bride, a newborn baby, etc.). The value of this custom is not to not give a gift or to give a gift, but to express good intentions. Arash is hell to stop those who quarrel or fight. If someone decides his argument with fists and hears: "Arash!", "Arash!", they should immediately stop the fight. The couple is severely punished. Tokykargar - a ritual to leave for a long journey. Operka should be slaughtered, cover Dastkhan (holiday table), invite guests. During these ritual chants, tell the wishes of the sleeping person. Shashu - Transfer. For persons who throw ceremonial candy or money during a joyful event (wedding, wedding, etc.). Children will happily collect scattered candies. Sweets chosen during the Kazakh "Shash" bring good luck.

Salidea is a sign of greeting and respect. For a long time, people still give each other jewelry, souvenirs, treats. This thing doesn't have to be expensive, but memorable. Basarly are not very expensive or souvenirs. He usually brings a person who has given up a long journey for his relatives and acquaintances. Theed is a ban. Kazakhstan, like many other nations, has bans. For example, it is impossible to approach people or men with a knife or a dog - this can lead to enmity. Whistling at home - happiness and money. But there are other prohibitions - ethnic. For example, it is impossible to lead the road to the big side. Kutta Bolesn Oita - congratulations. This is the old typical "Kutta Bolsin!"

For example, with an important event, with the birth of a child. Traditional wishes for wealth and prosperity, good feelings for joy and a sign of skill. The most interesting and important thing in the Kazakh environment, as in marriage, reflects the unique national characteristics of the Kazakh people. In fact, all the sources that are known to us, the existence of monogamous marriage in Kazakhs, marriages related to blood, marriages related to blood. Representatives of the same gene or living in areas separated by less than seven will marry. In addition, even if these conditions are met, the marriage requires a special decision of the head and ekakal chapter. Such restrictions help prevent blood-related admixture and ensure healthy offspring and ensure healthy offspring. It's no secret that the values that glorify such a person are being forgotten today. The fact that values do not find their place in many cases in the process of globalization indicates the spiritual crisis not only of one nation, but of the peoples of the whole world. In conclusion, it can be said that the spiritual wealth of folk customs and traditions teaches lessons from the past life. Forms mutual respect, kindness, love for country and family in young people. It prepares him to join society and find his place in life in the future. Traditions always have national character and democratic elements of the people. Over the centuries, folk traditions preserve not only great wisdom, but also the life experience of ancestors. Traditions and customs are of great importance as they encourage us to live properly, to be devoted children to the people and the Motherland. The more young people learn from centuries-old folk values, the more they will improve as a complete person. Because the values based on traditional folk culture are aimed at making a person religious, spiritual and enlightened. In conclusion, the above concepts such as national value, customs, spiritual wealth, respect, kindness, love for the country and family, experience of ancestors, life values, spiritual heritage in the minds of primary school students are education - education breaking down during the process of giving, national values and customs, the importance of forming the concept of customs and national values in the minds of students, spiritual wealth in national customs and traditions, mutual respect and kindness among students, the importance of forming love for the homeland and family, using opportunities to preserve the life experience of ancestors, requires high potential, pedagogical skills and professional competence from

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