

MOUNTING PROBLEMS IN GLOBAL ECONOMY AND FINANCIAL SYSTEM

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Abstract

This article covers a number of problems in the world economy at the moment, as well as several ways aimed at eliminating them. The information system, which is currently developing rapidly, also certainly has an impact on the development of the economy. Therefore, opinions are given about the role of the information and communication system in the development of the economy and what should be paid attention to when solving problems.

Keywords: Economic processes, digital economy, direction of economic activity, information system, development of the economy, civilization development, solving problems, logistics development, uncontrolled growth.

Introduction

The significance of the economy and economic problems is great in today's global world: so far the market has dictated its conditions to all spheres of human activity. Economic relations, material values and commercial profit considerations form the basis of national and corporate interests. This means that economic processes have a direct influence on the environment and security, social development and the implementation of scientific-technical achievements. Global problem solutions depend on the level and direction of economic activity, because they have an economic nature. The character of global economic problems is defined by the fact that they encompass the whole of the global economy. They originated in the 20th century when national economies divided into industrially developed countries (colonial countries and former colonial countries) and agricultural resource countries (colonies and former colonies). There is an opinion that most global economic problems have been caused by the effect of the expansion of industrialised countries and their domination in sectoral markets and consumer markets.

Global economic problems are common signs:

1. In the world, many of them affect the economy of all countries;
2. They affect countries both economically and socially, and in terms of speed;
3. All economic problems must be resolved as soon as possible;
4. All states require joint efforts.

Material and Methods

- The following global economic problems have serious significance for the world economy and national economic systems, civilization development, international relations and the environment:
- Most common natural resource management technologies remain inefficient; some of them are barbaric, inflicting great harm to the environment;
- Hydrocarbon energy, which brings considerable damage to the Earth's crust and atmospheric air, still dominates the fuel and energy complex of most countries;
- Mineral fuel consumption growth leads to globalising the energy problem, while tying the value of money and pricing mechanisms to the price of energy resources creates instability in currency and stock markets;
- The space (linear) type of economic evolution leads to increasing consumption of all types of natural resource, and growing production waste and consumption levels, which accelerate the worsening of the environmental situation;
- Transportation and logistics development levels lag behind the development levels of production and e-commerce;
- Widening income discrepancy between the most developed economies and the least developed economies, which affects the quality of life in these countries;
- Growing unemployment in developing countries; labour migration lacks any system, order or manageability;
- Poverty is growing in many developing countries proportionately to population growth and associated food shortages;
- Over recent years, growing military expenses have unfavourably affected national economies, the world economy, and contradicted planetary needs; they have led to the deformation of the normal functioning of economic systems (they are: stalling industrial-technological development; increasing budgetary deficit; encouraging inflation; diverting human and other resources from solving pressing socio-economic problems; and negatively affecting international relations and aggravate tension between nations);
- Most countries have not yet been able to fulfil the potential of their human resources.

Results and Discussion

1. The following helps solve economic problems;

* Ensuring the accounting of the natural factor in the structure of production costs and results, in the income and expenses of enterprises and territories in which nature resources are located and (or) used;

* Harmonization of the interests of enterprises of the sphere of use of nature and consumers of natural resources with each other, as well as with the interests of the entire national economy;

* Ensuring the influence of a random factor on the results of the production activities of the enterprise to reduce the income and level of differential rent

- * Reflection of the specifics of the process of using nature in the organization of Management Relations of enterprises, their interaction with the credit and financial system, state and local budgets;
- * Compensate for damage to the owner of natural resources that traditionally seize their last areas of use or deterioration of their quality; at least partially to compensate for damage to recipients from pollution and environmental depletion.

Hypothesis

It is the result of economic problems, environmental pollution and environmental disasters. Leading economists have been recognized as long as the serious impact concerns the nature of pollution on the level of economic development. It is clarified that one of the secrets of economic development should be the allocation of funds for the protection of the environment. Modern economists believe that the problem is not population growth. There is a deep root in this. First, it is a low level of development and economic backwardness. Here problems can be associated with environmental pollution. statistics show that in developed countries it will be concentrated about 25% of the world's population, but they consume 80% of Natural Resources.

Conclusion

In conclusion, it can be said that strict measures must be taken to limit population growth, protect the environment and fight poverty. Global problems constitute a specific line of social processes and phenomena in the modern world, differing in scale and significance on the general planet, connected with the vital interests of the peoples of all countries, regardless of their social structure, level of economic development and geographical position. We can achieve economic stability only if we correctly apply the solution to the above economic problems.

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